

Ma visite en France. Projet de juillet 2019.



Holiday Brochure

Your task is to produce a holiday brochure in French, using the study visit booklet, this guide and the content you have been covering in your lessons this year.

You must include

1. Information on at least one resort in Normandy
2. Tourist attractions in the area
3. Typical weather in the area at different times of year
4. Information on food & drink in the area
5. Visitors' opinions (like trip advisor)
6. A thank you message for when you have arrived back

Section 1 – Normandy or another area of France

Either think back to your week in France or do some research about an area in France.

- Decide which area of France you are going to do your brochure on. Find out key aspects about the following.
- Important historical events that took place there.
- Find out what areas are popular with tourists.
- Choose at least one area to describe.
- You will need at least one photograph of each resort.
- Describe the resort and its facilities in French.

e.g. L'hôtel 'Gold Beach' est à Asnelles, près de la plage. C'est un assez grand hôtel moderne, et il y a un restaurant et un espace pour faire du sport. Malheureusement il n'y a pas de club de jeunes.

c'est	<i>it's</i>
dans	<i>in</i>
près du/de la/des	<i>near the</i>
le centre-ville	<i>the town centre</i>
la plage	<i>the beach</i>
les montagnes	<i>the mountains</i>
les magasins	<i>the shops</i>
la station de ski	<i>the ski resort</i>
grand(e)/énorme	<i>big/enormous</i>
moderne	<i>modern</i>
tranquille	<i>quiet/peaceful</i>

vivant(e)	<i>lively</i>
propre	<i>clean</i>
il y a	<i>there is/are</i>
une piscine	<i>a pool</i>
Un restaurant	<i>a restaurant</i>
un marché	<i>a market</i>
Des sites historiques	<i>Historical sites</i>
des courts de tennis	<i>tennis courts</i>
Une salle de jeux	<i>a youth club</i>
des excursions	<i>day trips</i>

Section 2- Tourist attractions in the area

- Find out what there is to do for tourists in the area.
- You could use www.tripadvisor.co.uk and look at the 'things to do' section for your area, or visit a travel agency.
- Find some photographs of these tourist attractions and add them to your brochure.
- Write about what there is and what you can do there.

e.g. À Saint Aubin, il y a la plage où on peut faire des sports.

où on peut	<i>where you can</i>
regarder un film	<i>watch a film</i>
regarder un spectacle	<i>watch a show</i>
jouer	<i>play</i>
faire du sport	<i>do sport</i>
se détendre	<i>relax</i>
manger un bon repas	<i>eat a good meal</i>
visiter les monuments	<i>visit monuments</i>
nager	<i>swim</i>
faire un tour en bateau	<i>do a boat trip</i>
faire du cyclisme	<i>cycle</i>
faire du ski	<i>ski</i>
il y a	<i>there is/there are</i>
beaucoup de	<i>lots of</i>
pas mal de	<i>quite a few</i>
peu de	<i>not many</i>
un musée	<i>a museum</i>
un magasin	<i>a shop</i>
un jardin public	<i>a park</i>
une plage	<i>a beach</i>
un parc d'attractions	<i>a theme park</i>
une rivière	<i>a river</i>
un restaurant	<i>a restaurant</i>
un centre de loisirs	<i>a leisure centre</i>
un théâtre	<i>a theatre</i>
un cinéma	<i>a cinema</i>
une piste	<i>a ski slope</i>

Section 3 – Typical Weather in the Area

- Visit http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/weather/world/world_climate.html or any other website that will tell you what the weather's normally like.
- You can also find this information in a travel brochure from a travel agency.
- Simplify the information you find into what you can say in French.
- Write about what the weather's like in the area you have chosen. *

e.g. En Normandie en été généralement il fait beau et il y a beaucoup de soleil. Il ne neige pas mais parfois il pleut un peu. En hiver...

You could write about the weather if you were in Normandy recently.

Il faisait beau/du soleil mais il y avait du vent et un peu de pluie le matin. Jeudi il faisait chaud. (It was nice/sunny but it was windy et there was a little rain in the morning. On Thursday it was hot).

en été	<i>in summer</i>
en hiver	<i>in winter</i>
en printemps	<i>in spring</i>
en automne	<i>in autumn</i>
il fait beau	<i>it's fine</i>
il fait mauvais	<i>it's bad</i>
il fait chaud	<i>it's hot</i>
il fait froid	<i>it's cold</i>
il y a du soleil	<i>it's sunny</i>
il y a du vent	<i>it's windy</i>
il y a du brouillard	<i>it's foggy</i>
il y a de l'orage	<i>it's stormy</i>
il pleut	<i>it rains</i>
il neige	<i>it snows</i>
il gèle	<i>it's freezing</i>
un peu	<i>a bit</i>
Beaucoup	<i>a lot</i>
généralement	<i>generally</i>
normalement	<i>normally</i>
de temps en temps	<i>from time to time</i>
Parfois	<i>sometimes</i>
Souvent	<i>often</i>
Jamais	<i>never</i>

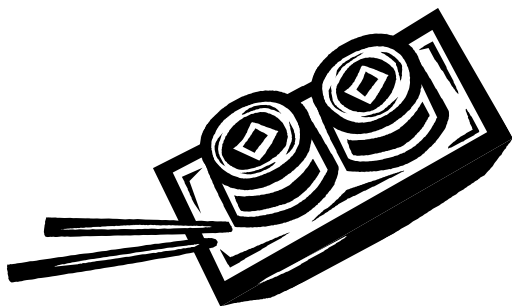
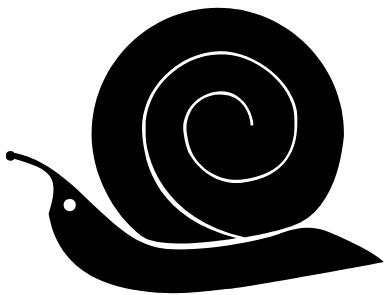


* Remember to use adverbs of frequency to increase the level of your work!

Section 4 – Information on Food & Drink

- Find out the types of typical food & drink your area is known for.
- Describe the type of food that a visitor to the region could eat, giving your own opinions.
- Find some pictures of traditional food to that region and add them to your guide.

e.g. En Normandie on mange le poulet, la pizza et la glace, ce que je trouve absolument délicieux.



les français mangent	<i>the French eat</i>
En Normandie on mange	<i>In Normandy you eat</i>
en ... on mange	<i>in ... they eat</i>
ce que je trouve...	<i>which I find...</i>
ce que j'aime	<i>which I like</i>
les pâtes	<i>pasta</i>
les tomates	<i>tomatoes</i>
la pizza	<i>pizza</i>
le riz	<i>rice</i>
le pain	<i>bread</i>
le porc	<i>pork</i>
les hamburgers	<i>hamburgers</i>
les frites	<i>chips</i>
la saucisse	<i>sausage</i>
les fruits de mer	<i>seafood</i>
le fromage	<i>cheese</i>
Le lait	<i>milk</i>
Les fruits de mer	<i>Sea food</i>
le sushi	<i>sushi</i>
la brochette de viande	<i>kebab</i>
le couscous	<i>couscous</i>

Section 5 – Visitors’ Opinions

- Make up some positive and negative opinions about your region from tourists who have already been there. If you went to Normandy you could give your opinion about your visit.
- Use the website www.tripadvisor.co.uk to find out what people are really saying about the place.
- If you are feeling fancy, you can go to www.tripadvisor.fr to see what they’re saying in French.
- E.g. En Normandie j’ai aimé le musée 360 à Arromanches. J’ai adoré le film sur la guerre. J’ai aimé brosser les chèvres. Je n’ai pas aimé manger le fromage. J’ai adoré jouer sur la plage.

j’ai aimé	<i>I liked</i>
j’ai adore	<i>I loved</i>
je n’ai pas aimé	<i>I didn’t like</i>
j’ai détesté	<i>I hated</i>
le logement	<i>the accommodation</i>
l’hôtel	<i>the hotel</i>
Jouer sur la plage	<i>To play on the beach</i>
Visiter l’école	<i>To visit the school</i>
Parler/jouer au frisbee avec des élèves français	<i>To talk/play Frisbee with the French pupils</i>
la nourriture/la cuisine	<i>the food</i>
la piscine	<i>the swimming pool</i>
La guerre	<i>the war</i>
la chambre	<i>the room</i>
la plage	<i>the beach</i>
le personnel	<i>the staff</i>
les distractions	<i>things to do</i>
confortable	<i>comfortable</i>
propre	<i>clean</i>
poli	<i>polite</i>
calme	<i>calm</i>
spacieux	<i>spacious</i>
agréable	<i>pleasant</i>
serviable	<i>helpful</i>



sale	<i>dirty</i>
petit	<i>small</i>
cher	<i>expensive</i>
à éviter	<i>to be avoided</i>
désagréable	<i>unpleasant</i>

Section 6 – Once you’ve arrived back, remember to say thank you to at least 1 person. This could be a French pupil who was friendly to you, a member of the hotel staff who helped you, a worker at the chocolate factory at Drakkar, the goat farmer, a market stall holder, a coach driver or even a teacher who was patient with you or helped you.

- Think about why you are grateful to them.
- How did it make you feel when they took time to assist you in any way?
- What would you like to say to them?
- How might this encourage you to act in the same way in the future?
- If you wanted to make this a special note/letter, we could endeavour to send this to the correct person in France....

je voudrais dire	I would like to say
Un grand merci	A big thank you
Pour votre aide/patience/ gentillesse/soins/amitié	For your help /patience /kindness/care/friendship
Au collège/au centre/au marché/à l’hôtel/ à la ferme/pendant le voyage/dans l’usine	At the school/centre Market/hotel Farm/during the Journey/in the factory
Je me suis senti (e)	I felt
Content (e) Soulagé(e) /apprécié (e)/inspiré (e)	Happy/Relieved/appreciated inspired
Je suis si reconnaissant (e)	I am so grateful
Bonnes Vacances	Happy Holidays

